



# Science Virtual Learning

## MPI Physics 240

### Thermodynamics 7: Latent Heat

April 30, 2020



Lesson: MPI Thermodynamics 7 - Latent Heat  
April 30, 2020

**Objective: To understand heat flows during phase transitions, and why they happen at constant temperature**

This video discusses heat flows during phase transitions, and why they happen at constant temperature.

<https://youtu.be/SInuVK4J3wM>

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Video: Latent Heat



**TABLE 19.2** Latent Heats of Fusion and Vaporization

Substance	Melting Point (°C)	Latent Heat of Fusion (J/kg)	Boiling Point (°C)	Latent Heat of Vaporization (J/kg)
Helium <sup>a</sup>	-272.2	$5.23 \times 10^3$	-268.93	$2.09 \times 10^4$
Oxygen	-218.79	$1.38 \times 10^4$	-182.97	$2.13 \times 10^5$
Nitrogen	-209.97	$2.55 \times 10^4$	-195.81	$2.01 \times 10^5$
Ethyl alcohol	-114	$1.04 \times 10^5$	78	$8.54 \times 10^5$
Water	0.00	$3.33 \times 10^5$	100.00	$2.26 \times 10^6$
Sulfur	119	$3.81 \times 10^4$	444.60	$3.26 \times 10^5$
Lead	327.3	$2.45 \times 10^4$	1 750	$8.70 \times 10^5$
Aluminum	660	$3.97 \times 10^5$	2 450	$1.14 \times 10^7$
Silver	960.80	$8.82 \times 10^4$	2 193	$2.33 \times 10^6$
Gold	1 063.00	$6.44 \times 10^4$	2 660	$1.58 \times 10^6$
Copper	1 083	$1.34 \times 10^5$	1 187	$5.06 \times 10^6$

<sup>a</sup>Helium does not solidify at atmospheric pressure. The melting point given here corresponds to a pressure of 2.5 MPa.

# Latent Heat Table

**TABLE 19.1** Specific Heats of Some Substances at 25°C and Atmospheric Pressure

Substance	Specific Heat (J/kg · °C)	Substance	Specific Heat (J/kg · °C)
<i>Elemental solids</i>		<i>Other solids</i>	
Aluminum	900	Brass	380
Beryllium	1 830	Glass	837
Cadmium	230	Ice (−5°C)	2 090
Copper	387	Marble	860
Germanium	322	Wood	1 700
Gold	129	<i>Liquids</i>	
Iron	448	Alcohol (ethyl)	2 400
Lead	128	Mercury	140
Silicon	703	Water (15°C)	4 186
Silver	234	<i>Gas</i>	
		Steam (100°C)	2 010

*Note:* To convert values to units of cal/g · °C, divide by 4 186.

# Specific Heat Table

Ex 1. How much energy does it take to completely boil off 2 liters (2.00 kg) of water that starts at 20.0°C? If the burner heating the water has a power of 1200 W, how much time does it take to boil off the water?

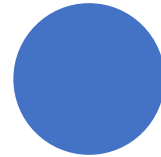
Ex 2. If you put 0.250 kg of water at 18.0°C in an ice tray and stick it in the freezer, how much heat must be removed from the water to turn it into ice at -15.0 °C?

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Part 1: [https://youtu.be/qK0esR\\_Q3\\_4](https://youtu.be/qK0esR_Q3_4)

Part 2: [https://youtu.be/IWch\\_atPLnl](https://youtu.be/IWch_atPLnl)

## Latent Heat - Examples



## Homework 1

- Try to solve the problem yourself, then watch the solution video:
- <https://youtu.be/qP2Dt39kTyY>

1. How much heat must be added to 0.500 kg of lead at  $15.0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to raise its temperature to the melting point ( $327^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and then melt it completely?

## Homework 2

- Try to solve the problem yourself, then watch the solution video:
- <https://youtu.be/4BxtTyMn3ho>

2. A 0.100-kg ice chunk at its melting point ( $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) is added to 0.644 kg of water.

- a) How much energy must the ice absorb to melt completely?
- b) How much did the temperature of the water lower due to the ice melting?





That's it!

